D-Link[®]



User Manual

5G AC2600 Wi-Fi Router

DWR-978

Preface

D-Link reserves the right to revise this publication and to make changes in thke content hereof without obligation to notify any person or organization of such revisions or changes.

Manual Revisions

Revision	Date	Description
1.00	October 06, 2020	• Initial release

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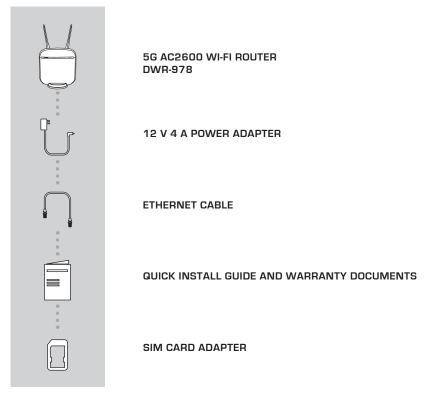
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Package Contents

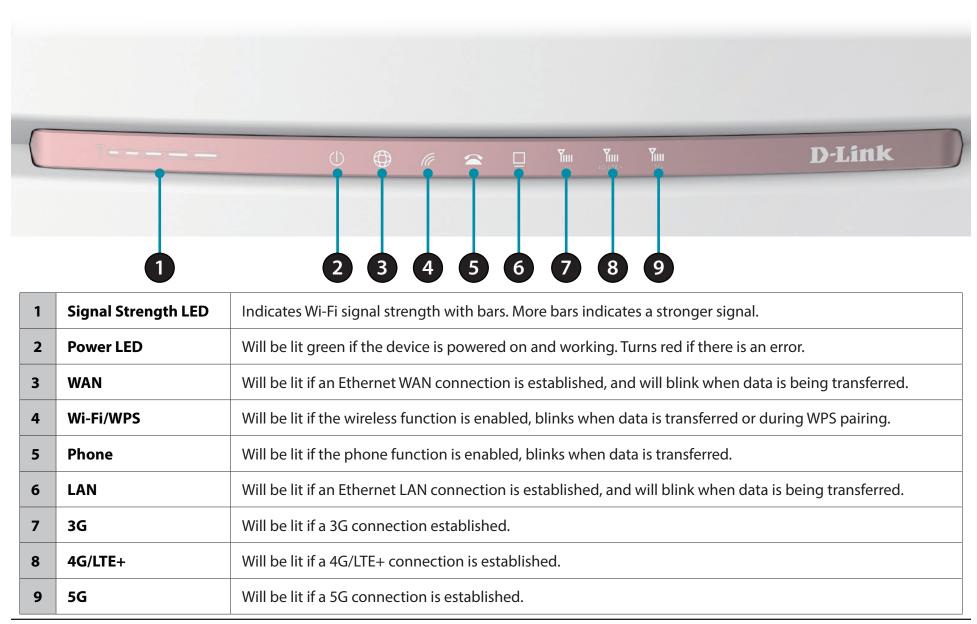


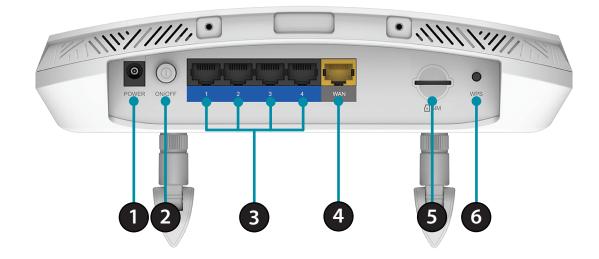
System Requirements

- Computer or mobile device with 802.11ac/n/g wireless adapter
- Internet Explorer[®] 9, Firefox[®] 12, Chrome[™] 20, or Safari 5
- Mini SIM card
- Subscription with a mobile Internet Service Provider

^{*} Subject to services and service terms available from your carrier.

Hardware Overview Front View





1	Power ConnectorConnects to the included power adapter.	
2	2Power ButtonTurns the device on or off.	
3	3 Ethernet LAN Ports For connection to a network-enabled desktop or notebook computer.	
4	Ethernet WAN Port	For connection to a DSL/cable modem or router.
5	SIM card slot	For mobile network connections.
6	WPS Button	For WPS pairing with wireless devices.

Side View



1	USB Port	USB port 2.0 for media or external devices.
-		bbb port 2.6 for media of external actives.

Installation

This section will guide you through the installation process. Placement of the router is very important. Do not place the router in an enclosed area such as a closet, cabinet, or in an attic or garage.

Before You Begin

Ensure that your DWR-978 5G AC2600 Wi-Fi Router is disconnected and powered off before performing the steps below.

- 1. Verify that your SIM/UICC card is installed and has been activated by your carrier.
- **Caution:** Always unplug/power down the router before installing or removing the SIM/UICC card. Never insert or remove the SIM/UICC card while the router is in use.
- 2. Attach the included antennas to the back of the router, screwing them in clockwise. Arrange them so that they point upward.
- 3. Connect the power adapter to the socket on the back panel of your DWR-978. Plug the other end of the power adapter into a wall outlet or power strip. Make sure the power button is in the "On" position.
 - a. The Power LED will light up to indicate that power is being supplied to the router and the router is turned on.
 - b. The LEDs on the front panel will flash on and off as the DWR-978 Mobile Router performs initialization and Internet connection processes.
 - c. After a few moments, if a connection has been established, the following LEDs will turn solid green: Power, Network, WiFi (if enabled), LAN (if connected), WAN (if connected), and Signal Strength.
- **Note:** By default, the DWR-978 uses the mobile network as the sole Internet connection. If you wish to use your mobile connection as a backup to a wired connection, or you wish to use a wired connection exclusively, you must use the Optional Advanced Setup procedure.
- 4. Connect via Wi-Fi using the SSID and password printed on the bottom of the router, or through Ethernet via one of the LAN ports on the back of your DWR-978.

Wireless Installation Considerations

The DWR-978 can be accessed using a wireless connection from anywhere within the operating range of your wireless network. Keep in mind that the quantity, thickness, and location of walls, ceilings, or other objects that the wireless signals must pass through may limit the range of the wireless signal. Ranges vary depending on the types of materials and background RF (radio frequency) noise in your home or office. The key to maximizing the wireless range is to follow these basic guidelines:

- 1. Minimize the number of walls and ceilings between the D-Link router and other network devices. Each wall or ceiling can reduce your adapter's range from 3 to 90 feet (1 to 30 meters).
- 2. Be aware of the direct line between network devices. A wall that is 1.5 feet thick (0.5 meters), at a 45-degree angle appears to be almost 3 feet (1 meter) thick. At a 2-degree angle it looks over 42 feet (14 meters) thick. Position devices so that the signal will travel straight through a wall or ceiling (instead of at an angle) for better reception.
- 3. Try to position access points, wireless routers, and computers so that the signal passes through open doorways and drywall. Materials such as glass, metal, brick, insulation, concrete, and water can affect wireless performance. Large objects such as fish tanks, mirrors, file cabinets, metal doors, and aluminum studs may also have a negative effect on range.
- 4. If you are using 2.4 GHz cordless phones, make sure that the 2.4 GHz phone base is as far away from your wireless device as possible. The base transmits a signal even if the phone is not in use. In some cases, cordless phones, X-10 wireless devices, and electronic equipment such as ceiling fans, fluorescent lights, and home security systems may dramatically degrade wireless connectivity.

Configuration Getting Started

To access the configuration utility, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer and enter the address of the router (**192.168.0.1** by default).

To log in to the configuration utility, the default password is left blank.

Note: If you get a **Page Cannot be Displayed** error, please refer to the **Troubleshooting** section for assistance.

Once you have successfully logged in, you will see the **Home** page. On this page you can view information about your Internet connection, the wireless/LAN status, and system information.

At the top of the page is a menu. Clicking on one of these icons will take you to the appropriate configuration section.





D-Link			
ome	Network Status		Home - Network State
Network Status	Network Status		
ettings	Network Status		
SMS			
USSD	System Status		
Wircless Network (LAN) Network (WAN)	Operating Time 7Days 1.33.12 Firmware Version 010.0023 Mode Router mode Current Time 2020/09/23.16.02.54		
anagement	Client Lists		
Time & Schedule System Log System & Reboot	Vendor IP Address IPv6 Add 00031PCWIN10 192.168.0.50	ess MAC Address 6C:48:90.8F:C3:21	Lease Time(s) 90727
Administration	LAN Status	Wireless Status	
Firmware Upgrade	IPv4 Network Go to setting	Main 2.4G	Go to settings
Statistics	MAC Address EC:AD:E0:4A:8B:42	\$ SID	D-Link_DWR-978_8842_2.4GHz
vanced Settings	IP Address 192.168.0.1 Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0	Channel Password	
Firewall		SSID Broadcast	
Pert Ferwarding	IPv6 Network Go to setting	Client Number	0
Virtual Server		Main 5G	Go to settings
Website Filter		Guest 2.4G	Go to settings
Static Routes		Guest 5G	Go to settings
Dynamic DNS			

Settings SMS Device

On the Short Messages Settings page you can organize, send and receive Short Message Service (SMS) messages by selecting between a Setup, Inbox and Drafts tab. These messages can either be saved to the router's internal memory or on the SIM/UICC card itself.

Send Message

Mobile: Enter the mobile number to send the message to.

Content: Enter the content you wish to send.

Click **Send** to send your message.

Inbox

Mobile: (Optional) Specify a password.

- **Content:** (Optional) Should you have specified a password above, verify your password one more time.
 - **Time:** Specify number to dial.

SMS				5	Settings > SMS > Devi
SMS Device					
SMS Device Description					
Send Message					
-		Mobile			
		Content			
			Send		
SMS Device		Inbox			
Inbox	0	Mobile	Content	Time	•
Outbox	0		No data in	table.	
Drafts	0				Previous Next
			Submit Cancel		

SMS (U)SIM

Send Message

Mobile: Enter the mobile number to send the message to.

Content: Enter the content you wish to send.

Click **Send** to send your message.

Inbox

- Mobile: (Optional) Specify a password.
- **Content:** (Optional) Should you have specified a password above, verify your password one more time.

Time: Specify number to dial.

SMS				Settings > SMS > (U)SIM
SMS (U)SIM				
SMS (U)SIM Description				
Send Message				
	Mobile			
	Content			
		Send		
SMS (U)SIM	Inbox			
Inbox	Mobile	Content		Time
Outbox		No da	ata in table.	
Drafts 0				Previous Next
		Submit	Cancel	

SMS Settings

SMS Settings

SMS center: Enter the name of the SMS center.

New SMS Select the new SMS storage. Storage:

SMS		Settings > SMS > Settings
SMS Settings		
SMS Settings Description		
SMS Settings		
SMS Center		
New SMS Storage	~	
	Submit Cancel	

USSD

USSD Settings

Code: Enter USSD code.

USSD			Settings > USSD
USSD Settings			
USSD Settings Description			
11000 0-#12-22			
USSD Settings			
	Code		
		Submit Cancel	

Main Wi-Fi

Pri

Primary 2.4G Advanced Setting

Status: Indicates whether the connection is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

- Wi-Fi Name Indicates the name of the connection. (SSID):
- **Password:** Indicates the password of the connection.
 - Security Indicates the Security Mode of the connection. By default WPA/ Mode: WPA2-Personal is selected, you may also select None.
- 802.11 Mode: Indicates the wireless mode of the connection. By default Mixed 802.11b/g/n is selected, you may also select Mixed 802.11g/n or 802.11n only.
 - Wi-Fi Select the Wi-Fi channel. By default Auto is selected, you can choose Channel: manually between channel 1-13.
- **Transmission** Indicates the Transmission Power of the connection. By default **Power: High** is selected, you may also select **Medium** or **Low.**
 - **Channel** Indicates the Channel Width of the connection. By default **Auto** Width: 20/40 MHz is selected, you may also select 20 MHz.
- **Coexistence:** Indicates whether Coexistence is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
 - Visibility Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is Visible or Invisible. Status:
 - Schedule: Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page 29.

Wireless			Settings > Wireless > Main Wi-Fi
Wireless			
Wireless description.			
Primary 2.4G			
	Status		
	Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	D-Link_DWR-978_8B42_2.4GHz	
	Password		
			Advanced Setting
Primary 5G		_	
	Status		
	Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	D-Link_DWR-978_8B42_5GHz	
	Password		
			Advanced Setting
		Submit Cancel	
Primary 2.4G			
Thinkiry 2.40	Status		
	Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	D-Link_DWR-978_8B42_2.4GHz	
	Password	fceaa63914	
			Advanced Setting
	Security Mode	WPA/WPA2-Personal	
	802.11 Mode	Mixed 802.11b/g/n	
	Wi-Fi Channel	Auto 🗸	
	Transmission Power	High 🗸	
	Channel Width	Auto 20/40 MHz 🗸	
	Coexistence		
	Visibility Status	Visible	
	Schedule	Ahvays 🗸	

Primary 5G A	dvanced Setting	Primary 5G Status
Status:	Indicates whether the connection is Enabled or Disabled .	Wi-Fi Name (SSID) Password
Wi-Fi Name (SSID):	Indicates the name of the connection.	Security Mode
Password:	Indicates the password of the connection.	Wi-Fi ChannelWi-Fi Channel Transmission PowerTransmission Power
	Indicates the Security Mode of the connection. By default WPA / WPA2-Personal is selected, you may also select None .	Channel Width Visibility Status Schedule
	Select the Wi-Fi channel. By default Auto is selected, you can choose manually between channel 1-13 .	
Transmission Power:	Indicates the Transmission Power of the connection. By default High is selected, you may also select Medium or Low.	
	Indicates the Channel Width of the connection. By default Auto 20/40 MHz is selected, you may also select 20 MHz.	
Visibility Status:	Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is Visible or Invisible .	
Schedule:	Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page 29.	

y 5G		
Status		
Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	D-Link_DWR-978_8B42_5GHz	
Password	fceaa63914	
		Advanced Setting
Security Mode	WPA/WPA2-Personal	
Wi-Fi ChannelWi-Fi Channel	Auto 🗸	
nsmission PowerTransmission Power	High 🗸	
Channel Width	Auto 20/40/80 MHz 🗸	
Visibility Status	Visible 🗸	
Schedule	Always 🗸	

Guest Wi-Fi

Guest 2.4G/5G Advanced Setting

Status: Indicates whether the connection is Enabled or Disabled.

- Wi-Fi Name Indicates the name of the connection. (SSID):
- **Password:** Indicates the password of the connection.
 - Security Indicates the Security Mode of the connection. By default WPA/ Mode: WPA2-Personal is selected, you may also select None.
- Visibility Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is Visible or Invisible. Status:
- Schedule: Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page 29.

Wireless		Settings > Wireless > Guest Wi-Fi
Wireless		
Wireless description.		
Guest 2.4G		
Status		
Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	D-Link_DWR-978_8B42-guest	
Password	63914973	
		Advanced Setting
Guest 5G		
Status		
Wi-Fi Name (SSID)	D-Link_DWR-978_8B42_5GHz-guest	
Password	63914973	
		Advanced Setting
	Submit Cancel	
		Advanced Setting
Security Mode	WPA/WPA2-Personal	•
Visibility Status	Visible	•
Schedule	Always	•

Network (LAN)

Network Settings

- LAN IP Enter the IP address you want to use for the router. The defaultAddress: IP address is 192.168.0.1. If you change the IP address, you will need to enter the new IP address in your browser to get into the configuration utility.
- Subnet Mask: Enter the subnet mask of the router. The default subnet mask is 255.255.255.0
- Local Domain Enter the local domain name for your network. (Optional) Name:
 - Enable DNS Disable to transfer the DNS server information from your ISP to your computers. If enabled, your computers will use the router for a DNS server.

Network (LAN)		
Use this section to configure the network settings for access web UI in a web browser.	or your device. You can enter a name for your device in the managemen	t link field, and use the link to
Network Settings		
LAN IP Address	192.168.0.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
Local Domain Name	Local Domain Name	
Enable DNS Relay		
		Advanced Setting
	Submit Cancel	
	_	
Status		
	✓ 192.168.0. 50 192.168.0, 199	
Status		
Status DHCP IP Address Range	192.168.0. 50 192.168.0. 199	
Status DHCP IP Address Range DHCP Lease Time Always Broadcast	192.168.0. 50 192.168.0. 199 2880 minutes	
Status DHCP IP Address Range DHCP Lease Time Always Broadcast dvanced Settlings	192.168.0. 50 192.168.0. 199 2880 minutes	
DHCP IP Address Range DHCP Lease Time	192.168.0. 50 192.168.0. 199 2880 minutes	

DHCP Server

Status: Indicates whether DHCP server is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

DHCP IP Enter the DHCP IP Address Range of the router. The default is
 Address 192.168.0.50 - 192.168.0.199.
 Range:

DHCP Lease The lease time determines the period that the host retains the assigned IP addresses before the IP addresses change.

Always Indicates whether Always Broadcast is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. **Broadcast:**

Advanced Settings

UPnP: Indicates whether UPnP is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

- IPv4 Multicast Indicates whether IPv4 Multicast Streams is Enabled or Streams: Disabled.
- IPv6 Multicast Indicates whether DHCP server is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. Streams:

Network (WAN) IPv4

Dual WAN Settings

Dual WAN:	Indicates whether Dual WAN is Enabled or Disabled .
-----------	---

Primary WAN: Select connection type of the primary WAN.

- Secondary Select connection type of the Secondary WAN. WAN:
 - Fail Over: Indicates whether Fail Over is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

Network (WAN)		Settings > Network (WAN) > IPv4
IPv4		
IPv4 description		
Dual WAN Settings		
Dual WAN		
Primary WAN	LTE	~
Secondary WAN	Ethernet WAN	~
Fail Over		
	Submit Cancel	
Network Settings		
Internet Connection	LTE ¥	~
Dial-Up Profile	Auto-Detection	~
Prefer Service Type	Auto Mode	~
PDP Type	Auto	~
Pin Code		
Reconnect Mode	Auto	~
Primary DNS Server		
Secondary DNS Server		
Keep Alive	Enabled	~
Ping IP Address	8.8.8.8	
Ping Interval	60	
	Submit Cancel	

Network Settings

Internet Select the Internet Connection type of the IPv4 WAN. **Connection: Dial-Up** Select the Dial-Up Profile to be **Auto-Detection** or **Manual**. **Profile: PDP Type:** Select the PDP Type to be **Auto**, **IPv4** or **IPv6**. **Pin Code:** Indicates the Pin Code of the connection. **Reconnect** Select Reconnect Mode to be **Auto** or **Manual**. Mode: Primary DNS Enter the primary DNS IP address that will be assigned to DHCP Server: clients. Secondary Enter the secondary DNS IP address that will be assigned to **DNS Server:** DHCP clients. Keep Alive: Indicates whether Keep Alive is Enabled or Disabled. **Ping IP** Enter Ping IP Address to ping test the connection. Address: **Ping Interval:** Indicates the Ping Interval.

Network (WAN) IPv6

Local Connectivity Only IPv6 Advanced Setting

Internet Specify the type of IPv6 connection your ISP uses. Choose from Connection: Local Connectivity Only, Static IPv6, Auto Configuration (Stateless/DHCPv6), PPPoE, 6rd.

IPv6 ULA Settings

Enable ULA: Indicates whether Enable ULA is Enabled or Disabled.

Current IPv6 ULA Settings

Current ULA Indicates the Current ULA Prefix. Prefix:

LAN IPv6 Indicates the LAN IPv6 ULA. ULA:

Network (WAN)			Settings > Network (WAN) > IP
IPv6			
IPv6 description			
	Internet Connection	Local Connectivity Only	
			Advanced Setting
IPv6 ULA Settings			
	Enable ULA		
Current IPv6 ULA Se	ettings		
	Current ULA Prefix LAN IPv6 ULA	Not Available	
		Submit Cancel	

Static IPv6 Advanced Setting

Internet Specify the type of IPv6 connection your ISP uses. Choose from Connection: Local Connectivity Only, Static IPv6, Auto Configuration (Stateless/DHCPv6), PPPoE, 6rd.

- Use Link-Local Indicates whether Use Link-Local Address is **Enabled** or **Address: Disabled**.
- IPv6 Address: If Use Link-Local Address is **Disabled**, enter the IPv6 Address.
- Subnet Prefix If Use Link-Local Address is **Disabled**, enter the Subnet Prefix Length: Length.
- **Default Gateway:** Enter the Default Gateway used by this connection.

IPv6 DNS Settings

- **Primary DNS** Enter the primary DNS IP address that will be assigned to DHCP **Server:** clients.
- **Secondary DNS** Enter the secondary DNS IP address that will be assigned to **Server:** DHCP clients.

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

LAN IPv6 Address: Specify the LAN IPv6 Address.

LAN IPv6 Link- Indicates the LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address. Local Address:

Network (WAN)		Settings > Network (WAN) > IPv6
IPv6		
IPv6 description		
Internet Connection	Static IPv6	
	Static IPv6	
Use Link-Local Address	✓	
IPv6 Address		
Subnet Prefix Length	64	
Default Gateway		
IPv6 DNS Settings		
Primary DNS Server		
Secondary DNS Server		
LAN IPv6 Address Settings		
LAN IPv6 Address	/64	
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address	FE80::EEAD:E0FF:FE4A:8B42	
		Advanced Setting
Address Autoconfiguration Settings		
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment		
Autoconfiguration Type	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP V	
Router Advertisement Lifetime	60 minutes (1-150)	
	Submit Cancel	

Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable AutomaticIndicates whether Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment isIPv6 AddressEnabled or Disabled.Assignment:Assignment is

AutoconfigurationSpecify the Autoconfiguration Type. Choose fromType:SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP or Stateful DHCPv6.

RouterSpecify the Router Advertisement Lifetime from minutes (1-Advertisement150).Lifetime:

Autoconfiguration (SLAAC/DHCPv6) Advanced SettingInternet
Connection:Specify the type of IPv6 connection your ISP uses. Choose from
Local Connectivity Only, Static IPv6, Auto Configuration
(Stateless/DHCPv6), PPPoE, 6rd.IPv6 DNS SettingsDNS Type:DNS Type:Specify the DNS Type. Choose from Obtain a DNS server
address automatically or Use the following DNS address.

- Primary DNSEnter the primary DNS IP address that will be assigned to DHCPServer:clients.
- **Secondary DNS** Enter the secondary DNS IP address that will be assigned to **Server:** DHCP clients.

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

Enable DHCP-PD: Indicates whether Use Link-Local Address is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

LAN IPv6 Link- Indicates the LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address. Local Address:

IPv6			
IPv6 description			
Internet Connection	Static IPv6	~	
Use Link-Local Address			
IPv6 Address			
Subnet Prefix Length	64		
Default Gateway			
IPv6 DNS Settings			
Primary DNS Server			
Secondary DNS Server			
LAN IPv6 Address Settings			
LAN IPv6 Address		/64	
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address	FE80::EEAD:E0FF:FE4A:8B42		
			Advanced Setting
Address Autoconfiguration Settings			
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment			
Autoconfiguration Type	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP	~	
Router Advertisement Lifetime	60	minutes (1-150)	

Address Autoconfiguration Settings

	Indicates whether Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment is Enabled or Disabled .
Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN:	Indicates whether Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN is Enabled or Disabled .
	Specify the Autoconfiguration Type. Choose from SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP or Stateful DHCPv6.
Router Advertisement Lifetime:	Specify the Router Advertisement Lifetime from minutes (1- 150).

PPPoE Advanced	Setting	Network (WAN)		Settings >
	J	IPv6		
Internet	Specify the type of IPv6 connection your ISP uses. Choose from	IPv6 description		
	Local Connectivity Only, Static IPv6, Auto Configuration (Stateless/DHCPv6), PPPoE, 6rd.	Internet Connection PPPoE Session	PPPoE Create a new session	
PPPoE Session:	Select the PPPoE Session to create or edit.	Username Password		
Username:	Specify the Username.	Address Mode Service Name	Dynamic IP 🗸	
Password:	Specify the Password.	Reconnect Mode	Always on 🗸	
Address Mode:	Specify the Reconnect Mode. Choose from Dynamic IP or Static IP .	IPv6 DNS Settings DNS Type	Obtain a DNS server address automatically	
Service Name:	Specify the Service Name.	LAN IPv6 Address Settings		
Reconnect Mode:	Specify the Reconnect Mode. Choose from Always on or Manual.	Enable DHCP-PD LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address	FE80::EEAD:E0FF:FE4A:8B42	
MTU:	Specify the MTU in bytes.	Address Autoconfiguration Settings		
IPv6 DNS Settings	i	Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN Autoconfiguration Type	✓ ✓ SLAAC+Stateless DHCP ✓	
DNS Type:	Specify the DNS Type. Choose from Obtain a DNS server	Router Advertisement Lifetime	80 minutes (1-150)	
	address automatically or Use the following DNS address.		Submit Cancel	
Primary DNS Server:	Enter the primary DNS IP address that will be assigned to DHCP clients.			

Secondary DNSEnter the secondary DNS IP address that will be assigned to
Server:DHCP clients.

> Network (WAN) > IPv6

Advanced Setting...

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

Enable DHCP-PD: Indicates whether Use Link-Local Address is Enabled or Disabled.

LAN IPv6 Link-Local Indicates the LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address. Address:

Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable AutomaticIndicates whether Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment isIPv6 AddressEnabled or Disabled.Assignment:Assignment:

Enable Automatic Indicates whether Enable Automatic DHCP-PD in LAN is **Enabled** DHCP-PD in LAN: or **Disabled**.

AutoconfigurationSpecify the Autoconfiguration Type. Choose fromType:SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP or Stateful DHCPv6.

Router Specify the Router Advertisement Lifetime from minutes (1-Advertisement 150). Lifetime:

6rd Advanced Setting

Internet Specify the type of IPv6 connection your ISP uses. Choose from Connection: Local Connectivity Only, Static IPv6, Auto Configuration (Stateless/DHCPv6), PPPoE, 6rd.

Assign IPv6 Prefix: Indicates the Assign IPv6 Prefix.

IPv6 DNS Settings

- **DNS Type:** Specify the DNS Type. Choose from **Obtain a DNS server** address automatically or Use the following DNS address.
- Primary DNSEnter the primary DNS IP address that will be assigned to DHCPServer:clients.
- Secondary DNSEnter the secondary DNS IP address that will be assigned to
Server:DHCP clients.

LAN IPv6 Address Settings

- **Enable DHCP-PD:** Indicates whether Use Link-Local Address is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
- LAN IPv6 Link-Local Indicates the LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address. Address:

Network (WAN)		0
		Settings > Network (WAN) > IPv6
IPv6		
IPv8 description		
Internet Connection	ôrd 🗸	
Assign IPv6 Prefix	Not Available	
IPv6 DNS Settings		
Primary DNS Server		
Secondary DNS Server		
coolidary pilo del tel		
CDD Magual Occievation		
6RD Manual Configuration	-	
Enable Hub and Spoke Mode		
6rd Configuration	8rd DHCPv4 Option 🗸	
LAN IPv6 Address Settings		
LAN IPv6 Address		
LAN IPv6 Link-Local Address	FE80::EEAD:E0FF:FE4A:8B42	
LAN IPV6 LINK-LOCAI Address	FEOULEEAU.EUFF.FE4A.0042	
		Advanced Setting
Address Autoconfiguration Settings		
Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment		
Autoconfiguration Type	SLAAC+Stateless DHCP 🗸	
Router Advertisement Lifetime	80 minutes (1-150)	
Router Advertisement Lifetime	ov minutes (1-100)	
	Submit Cancel	

Address Autoconfiguration Settings

Enable Automatic Indicates whether Enable Automatic IPv6 Address Assignment is IPv6 Address Enabled or Disabled. Assignment:

AutoconfigurationSpecify the Autoconfiguration Type. Choose fromType:SLAAC+RDNSS, SLAAC+Stateless DHCP or Stateful DHCPv6.

RouterSpecify the Router Advertisement Lifetime from minutes (1-Advertisement150).Lifetime:

Management System Time

Time Configuration

Time Zone: Specify Time Zone of your device.

Time: Specify Time of your device.

Automatic Time Configuration

Update Time Indicates whether Update Time Using an NTP Server is **Enabled** Using an NTP or **Disabled**. Server:

NTP Server: Specify NTP Server of your device.

	Management	Time & Schedule	System Tim
Asia/Taipei	~		
2020/09/24 11:10:54 AM			
time nist gov			
Submit Cancel			
	2020/09/24 11:10:54 AM	Asia/Taipei 🖍 2020/09/24 11:10:54 AM	2020/09/24 11:10:54 AM

Schedule

Name Indicates the name of the schedule.

Schedule: Indicates the schedule.

- Edit: When a schedule is selected, click this button to edit the schedule.
- **Delete:** When a schedule is selected, click this button to delete the schedule.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Create New Rule

Name Enter a name for your new schedule

Schedule: Drag and select the times that you wish to be included as part of the new schedule.

								Mar	nagement	Time & Schedule	> Scher
Schedule											
Schedule											
Schedule: (Max Limit: 10)										~	kl Rule
Name		chedule								Edit	Delete
Name		chequie		a in tab	le.					East	Delete
			No dai	a in tao	ν ε .						
			ave		Cancel						
			ave		Jancer						
me & Schedule								Man	agement >	Time & Schedule	> Scher
chedule											
chedule											
reate New Rule											
	Name										
	00:00	Sun	Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat			
	01:00										
	02:00										
	03:00										
	05:00										
	06:00										
	08:00										
	09:00										
	10:00										
	12:00										
	13:00										
	15:00										
	16:00										
	17:00										
	19:00										
	20:00 21:00										
	22:00										
	23:00 24:00										

System Log

System Log: Click this button to download the system log.

SysLog Settings

Enable Indicates whether Enable Logging to Syslog Server is Enabled or
 Logging to Disabled.
 Syslog Server:

E-mail Settings

Enable E-mail Indicates whether Enable E-mail Notification is Enabled or Notification: Disabled.

E-mail Log When Full or On Schedule

Send When Indicates whether Send When Log Full is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. Log Full:

Send on Indicates whether Send on Schedule is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. Schedule:

System Log	Management > Sys	stem Log
System Log		
System Log		
System Log	Check System Log	
SysLog Settings		
Enable Logging to Syslog Server		
E-mail Settings		
Enable E-mail Notification		
E-mail Log When Full or On Schedule		
Send When Log Full		
Send on Schedule		
	Submit Cancel	

System & Reboot

System

Factory Click this button to reset this device back to Factory Default. **Default:**

Save Click this button to Save Configuration Configuration:

Restore Click this button to select File to Restore Configuration **Configuration:**

Auto Reboot Configuration

- **Reboot The** Click this button to Reboot The Device **Device:**
- Auto Reboot Specify an Auto Reboot time of your device.

System & Reboot			Management > System & Reboo
System			
Restore/Save/Upload Setting			
System			
Factory Default	Restore		
Save Configuration	Save		
Restore Configuration	Select File		
Auto Reboot Configuration			
Reboot The Device	Reboot		
Auto Reboot	Never	~	
	Submit	Cancel	

Administration

Password: Specify Administration Password of your device. The administration Advanced Settings Administration Enable HTTPS Indicates whether Enable HTTPS Server is Enabled or Disabled. Advanced Settings	Administratio	on Advanced Settings	Administration
Password: Specify Administration Password of your device. Advanced Settings Administration Enable HTTPS Indicates whether Enable HTTPS Server is Enabled or Disabled. Server: Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Disabled. Enable Remote Remote Disabled. Disabled. Remote Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device			
Advanced Settings Enable HTTPS Indicates whether Enable HTTPS Server is Enabled or Disabled. Advanced Settings Enable Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Remote Disabled. Management: Remote Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port:	Password	Specify Administration Password of your device	i ne admin account can cha
Enable HTTPS Server: Indicates whether Enable HTTPS Server is Enabled or Disabled. Enable Remote Remote Management: Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Disabled. Remote Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device	r ussivoru.	specify raministration rassword of your device.	Administration
Enable HTTPS Indicates whether Enable HTTPS Server is Enabled or Disabled. Server: Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Disabled. Enable Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Disabled. Management: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device	Advanced Se	ttings	
Server: Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Enable Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Disabled. Disabled. Remote Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device	Enable HTTPS	Indicates whether Enable HTTPS Server is Enabled or Disabled	Advanced Settings
Enable Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or Remote Disabled. Remote Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device			E
Remote Management: Disabled. Remote Admin Port Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device	Server.		Enable R
Remote Management: Disabled. Remote Admin Port Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port: Specify Remote Admin Port of your device	Enable	Indicates whether Enable Remote Management is Enabled or	
Management: Remote Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port:		5	
Remote Specify Remote Admin Port of your device Admin Port:		Disabled.	
Admin Port:	management.		
Admin Port:	Remote	Specify Remote Admin Port of your device	
		specify hemote human or or your device	
Use HTTPS: Indicates whether Use HTTPS is Enabled or Disabled .	Admini Ort.		
osennin s. Indicates whether osennin sis Endbled of Disubled .		Indicates whether Use HTTPS is Fnahled or Disabled	
	030111115.	indicates whether ose first 5 is Endbled of Disabled .	

Administration		Management > Administration
Administration		
The admin account can change all router settings. To	o keep your router secure, you should give the admin account a strong	password.
Administration		
Password		
		Advanced Setting
Advanced Settings		
Enable HTTPS Server		
Enable Remote Management		
Remote Admin Port	8081	
Use HTTPS		
	Submit Cancel	

Firmware Upgrade

Firmware Over The Air

Latest	Indicates The Latest Firmware Version.
Firmware	
Version:	

Firmware Click Check to begin the Firmware Over the Air (FOTA) upgrade **Upgrade:** process. Note that this requires an active Internet connection.

Manual Firmware Upgrade

Current	Indicates the Current Firmware Version.
Firmware	
Version:	

Upgrade After you have downloaded a new firmware, click Select File toFirmware: locate the firmware on your computer, then click Apply to start the firmware upgrade.

Module Firmware Upgrade

Current Firmware Version:	Indicates the Current Firmware Version.
	After you have downloaded a new firmware, click Select File to locate the firmware on your computer, then click Apply to start the firmware upgrade.

Firmware Upgrade	Management >	Firmware Upgrad
Firmware Upgrade		
Firmware Upgrade description.		
Firmware Over The Air		
Latest Firmware Version		
Firmware Upgrade Cheeds		
Manual Firmware Upgrade		
Current Firmware Version		
Upgrade Firmware Select File		
Module Firmware Upgrade		
Current Firmware Version		
Upgrade Firmware Select File		

Statistics

Internet/ LAN/ Wi-Fi 2.4GHz/ Wi-Fi 5GHz

Sent Displays the Sent Statistics of the connection.

Received Displays the Received Statistics of the connection.

Total Displays the Total Packets Statistics of the connection. **Packets:**

Total Displays the Total KByte(s) Statistics of the connection. **KByte(s):**

Click **Clear** to clear all Statistics.

Statistics						Management > Statist
Statistics						
Statistics						
Internet				LAN		
	Total Packets	Total KByte(s)			Total Packets	Total KByte(s)
Sent	8,426,417	1,070,632		Sent	9,093,555	41,007,126
Received	38,094,778	43,259,435		Received	8,340,632	922,777
Wi-Fi 2.4GH	z		_	Wi-Fi 5GHz		
	Total Packets	Total KByte(s)			Total Packets	Total KByte(s)
Sent	0	0		Sent	285,941	378,118
Received	0	0		Received	62,168	7,304
			01	-		
			Clear			

Advanced Settings

Firewall Settings

DMZ Settings

Enable DMZ: Indicates whether Enable DMZ is Enabled or Disabled.

Firewall Advanced Settings

Enable SPI IPv4: Indicates whether Enable SPI IPv4 is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

Enable Indicates whether Enable Anti-spoof Checking is Enabled or Anti-spoof Disabled. Checking:

- IPv6 Simple Indicates whether IPv6 Simple Security is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. Security:
- IPv6 Ingress Indicates whether IPv6 Ingress Filtering is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. Filtering:

Application Level Gateway (ALG) Configuration

- **PPTP:** Indicates whether PPTP is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.
- IPSec (VPN): Indicates whether IPSec (VPN) is Enabled or Disabled.
 - RTSP: Indicates whether RTSP is Enabled or Disabled.
 - SIP: Indicates whether SIP is **Enabled** or **Disabled**.

Click **Submit** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Firewall				Advanced Setting	s > Firewall > Firewall Set
Firewall Settings					
Firewall Settings					
DMZ Settings					
Enable DMZ					
Firewall Settings					
Enable SPI IPv4					
Enable Anti-spoof Checking					
IPv6 Simple Security					
IPv6 Ingress Filtering					
					Advanced Setting.
					ratariota octarig.
Application Level Gateway (ALG) Config	guratior	1			
РРТР	~				
IPSec (VPN)	~				
RTSP	 				
SIP	~				
		Submit	Cancel		

IPv4 Rules

Status

Status: Select Turn IPv4 Filtering OFF, Turn IPv4 Filtering ON and ALLOW rules listed. or Turn IPv4 Filtering ON and DENY rules listed.

IPv4 Rules Table: (Max Limit: 24)

- Name Indicates the name of the schedule.
- **Schedule:** Indicates the schedule.
 - Edit: When a schedule is selected, click this button to edit the schedule.
 - **Delete:** When a schedule is selected, click this button to delete the schedule.

Firewall		Advanced Settings > Firewall > IPv4 Rules
Firewall Settings		
Firewall Settings description		
Status		
Turn IPv4 Filtering OFF	~	
IPv4 Rules Table: (Max Limit: 24)		Add Rule
Name	Schedule	Edit Delete
	No data in table.	
	Save Cancel	

29.

Create New Rule

Name	Indicates the name of the New Rule.
Source IP Address Range:	Indicates the source IP or IP range to which the rule will apply.
Destination IP Address Range:	Indicates the Destination IP or IP range to which the rule will apply.
Protocol & Port Range:	Indicates protocol types and port range affected by the filter.
Schedule:	Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page

Click **Submit** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Firewall		Advanced Settings > Firewall > IPv4 Rules
Firewall Settings		
Firewall Settings description		
Create New Rule		
Name		
Source IP Address Range	WAN 🗸	
Destination IP Address Range	LAN 🗸	
Protocol & Port Range	TCP V	
Schedule	Always Enable	*
	Done Cancel	

IPv6 Rules

Status

Status: Select Turn IPv6 Filtering OFF, Turn IPv6 Filtering ON and ALLOW rules listed. or Turn IPv6 Filtering ON and DENY rules listed.

IPv4 Rules Table: (Max Limit: 24)

Name Indicates the name of the schedule.

Schedule: Indicates the schedule.

- Edit: When a schedule is selected, click this button to edit the schedule.
- **Delete:** When a schedule is selected, click this button to delete the schedule.

Firewall		Advanced Settings > Firewall > IPv8 Rules
Firewall Settings		
Firewall Settings description		
Status		
Turn IPv8 Filtering OFF	~	
IPv6 Rules Table: (Max Limit: 24)		Add Rule
Name	Schedule	Edit Delete
	No data in table.	
	Save Cancel	

29.

Create New Rule

Name	Indicates the name of the New Rule.
Source IP Address Range:	Indicates the source IP or IP range to which the rule will apply.
Destination IP Address Range:	Indicates the Destination IP or IP range to which the rule will apply.
Protocol & Port Range:	Indicates protocol types and port range affected by the filter.
Schedule:	Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page

Click **Submit** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Firewall			Advanced Se	ttings > Firewall > IPv8 Rules
Firewall Settings				
Firewall Settings description				
Create New Rule				
Name				
Source IP Address	WAN 🗸			
Destination IP Address	LAN 🗸			
Protocol & Port Range	TCP 🗸			
Schedule	Always Enable		~	
	Done	Cancel		

Port Forwarding

Port Forwarding Table: (Max Limit: 24)

- Status: Indicates the Status.
- Name: Indicates the Name.
- Local IP: Indicates the Local IP.
- **TCP Port:** Indicates the TCP Port.
- **UDP Port:** Indicates the UDP Port.
- Schedule: Indicates the schedule.
 - Edit: When a schedule is selected, click this button to edit the schedule.
 - **Delete:** When a schedule is selected, click this button to delete the schedule.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Port Forw	/arding				Advanced Se	ttings > Port Forwarding
Port Forwa	rding					
Port Forwardin	ng					
Port Forwa	rding Table: (N	lax Limit: 24)				Add Rule
Status	Name	Local IP	TCP Port	UDP Port	Schedule	Edit Delete
			No data in	table.		
			Save	Cancel		

Section 3 - Configuration

Create New Rule

Name	Indicates the name of the New Rule.
Local IP:	Indicates the Local IP of the New Rule.
TCP Port:	Indicates the TCP Port of the New Rule.
UDP Port:	Indicates the UDP Port of the New Rule.
Schedule:	Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page 29.

Click **Done** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Port Forwarding		Advanced Settings > Port Forwardin
Port Forwarding		
Port Forwarding		
Create New Rule		
Status	•	
Name		
Local IP	LAN IP Address	
TCP Port	1-85535	
UDP Port	1-85535	
Schedule	Always Enable	
	Done Cancel	

Virtual Server

Virtual Server Table: (Max Limit: 24)

- Status: Indicates the Status.
- Name: Indicates the Name.
- **Local IP:** Indicates the Local IP.
- **Protocol:** Indicates the Protocol type.
- **External Port:** Indicates the External Port.
- Internal Port: Indicates the Internal Port.
 - Schedule: Indicates the schedule.
 - Edit: When a schedule is selected, click this button to edit the schedule.
 - **Delete:** When a schedule is selected, click this button to delete the schedule.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Virtual S	Server					Advanced Se	ttings > Virtual Server
Virtual Se	rver						
Virtual Serve	er description						
Virtual Se	erver Table:	(Max Limit: 2	4)				Add Rule
Status	Name	Local IP	Protocol	External Port	Internal Port	Schedule	Edit Delete
				No data in table.			
				Save	ncel		

Section 3 - Configuration

Create New Rule

- Status: Indicates the status of the New Rule
- Name Indicates the name and specify which Application Name of the New Rule
- Local IP: Indicates the Local IP and specify which Computer Name of the New Rule
- **Protocol:** Indicates the Protocol type of the New Rule.
- **External Port:** Indicates the External Port of the New Rule.
- Internal Port: Indicates the Internal Port of the New Rule.
 - Schedule: Indicates whether the Wi-Fi network is part of a schedule. Click on Schedule to access the schedule menu "Schedule" on page 29.

Click **Done** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

/irtual Server				Advanced Settings > Virtual Serve
Virtual Server				
Virtual Server description				
Create New Rule				
Status				
Name		<< Application Name	~	
Local IP		<< Computer Name	~	
Protocol	TCP		~	
External Port				
Internal Port				
Schedule	Always Enable		~	
	Done	Cancel		

Website Filter

Status

Status: Select DENY clients access to ONLY these sites or ALLOW clients access to ONLY these sites.

Website Filter Table: (Max Limit: 24)

- Website URL/ Indicates the Website URL/Domain. Domain:
 - **Delete:** Delete the selected Website URL/Domain.
 - Add Rule: Specify the website to be filtered.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Website Filter		Advanced Settings > Website Filter
Website Filter		
Website Filter description		
Status		
DENY clients access to ONLY these sites	~	
Website Filter Table: (Max Limit: 24)		
Website URL/Domain		Delete
	No data in table.	
	Add Rule	
	Save Cancel	

Static Routes IPv4

Static Routes Table: (Max Limit: 24)

Status: Indicates the Status.

Name: Indicates the name.

Destination Indicates the Destination Network. Network:

Mask: Indicates the Mask.

- Gateway: Indicates the Gateway.
 - Metric: Indicates the Metric.
- **Interface:** Indicates the Interface.
 - Edit: Delete the selected Static Route.
 - **Delete:** Delete the selected Static Route.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Static R	outes				Ad	vanced Settings >	Static Rout	es > IPv4
Static Rou	ıtes							
Static Route	5							
Static Rou	utes Table: ((Max Limit: 24)					Add	Rule
Status	Name	Destination Network	Mask	Gateway	Metric	Interface	Edit	Delete
			No data ir	n table.				
			Save	Cancel				

Section 3 - Configuration

Create New Rule

Status: Indicates the status of the New Rule

- Name Indicates the name and specify which Application Name of the New Rule
- **Destination** Indicates the Destination Network of the New Rule **Network**

Mask: Indicates the Mask of the New Rule.

Gateway: Indicates the Gateway of the New Rule.

Metric: Indicates the Metric of the New Rule.

Interface: Indicates the Interface of the New Rule.

Click **Done** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Static Routes		Advanced Settings > Static Routes > If
Static Routes		
Static Routes		
Create New Rule		
Status		
Name		
Destination Network		
Mask		
Gateway		
Metric		
Interface	WAN	~
	Done Cancel	

Static Routes IPv6

Static Routes Table: (Max Limit: 24)

Status: Indicates the Status.

Name: Indicates the name.

Destination Indicates the Destination Network. Network:

Mask: Indicates the Mask.

Gateway: Indicates the Gateway.

Metric: Indicates the Metric.

Interface: Indicates the Interface.

- Edit: Delete the selected Static Route.
- **Delete:** Delete the selected Static Route.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Static R	outes				Ad	vanced Settings >	Static Rout	tes > IPv
Static Rou	ıtes							
Static Route	5							
Static Rou	ites Table: (Max Limit: 24)					Add	I Rule
Status	Name	Destination Network	Mask	Gateway	Metric	Interface	Edit	Delete
			No data in	table.				
		1	Save	Cancel				

Section 3 - Configuration

Create New Rule

Status:	Indicates	the status	of the N	lew Rule
---------	-----------	------------	----------	----------

- Name Indicates the name and specify which Application Name of the New Rule
- **Destination** Indicates the Destination Network of the New Rule **Network**
 - PrefixLen Indicates the PrefixLen of the New Rule.
 - Gateway: Indicates the Gateway of the New Rule.
 - **Metric:** Indicates the Metric of the New Rule.
 - **Interface:** Indicates the Interface of the New Rule.

Click **Done** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Static Routes	
Static Routes	
Create New Rule	
Status	
Name	
DestNetwork	
PrefixLen	
Gateway	
Metric	
Interface	WAN 🗸

Dynamic DNS

Dynamic DNS

Enable

Dynamic Indicates whether Enable Dynamic DNS is **Enabled** or **Disabled**. **DNS**:

Status: Indicates the status.

IPv6 Dynamic DNS Table: (Max Limit: 10)

Status: Indicates the Status.

- Host Name: Indicates the Host Name.
- IPv6 Address: Indicates the IPv6 Address.
 - Edit: Delete the selected IPv6 Dynamic DNS.
 - **Delete:** Delete the selected IPv6 Dynamic DNS.

Click **Save** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Dynamic DNS		Advanced Settings > Dynamic DNS
Dynamic DNS		
Dynamic DNS description		
Dynamic DNS Enable Dynam	nic DNS	
IPv6 Dynamic DNS Table: (Max	Limit: 10)	Add Rule
Status Host Name	IPv6 Address	Edit Delete
	No data in table.	
	Save	

Create New Rule

Section 3 - Configuration

Status: Indicates the status of the New Rule.

Host Name: Indicates the Host Name of the New Rule.

IPv6 Address: Indicates the IPv6 Address and specify which Computer Name of the New Rule.

Click **Done** to save your settings, or **Cancel** to revert to your previous settings.

Dynamic DNS		Advanced Settings > Dynamic DN
Dynamic DNS		
Dynamic DNS descriptio	n	
Dynamic DNS		
	Enable Dynamic DNS	
	Status Disconnected	
IPv6 Dynamic DNS	Table: (Max Limit: 10)	Add Rule
Status Host Name	IPv6 Address	Edit Delete
	No data in table.	
	Save Cancel	

Connect a Wireless Client to your Router WPS Button

The easiest way to connect your wireless devices to the router is with WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup). Most wireless devices such as wireless adapters, media players, Blu-ray DVD players, wireless printers and cameras will have a WPS button (or a software utility with WPS) that you can press to connect to the DWR-978 router. Please refer to your user manual for the wireless device you want to connect to make sure you understand how to enable WPS. Once you know, follow the steps below:

Step 1 - Press the WPS button on the DWR-978 for about 6 seconds. The WLAN LED on the front will start to blink.



- Step 2 Within 2 minutes, press the WPS button on your wireless client (or launch the software utility and start the WPS process).
- **Step 3** Allow up to 1 minute for your connection to be configured. Once the Internet light stops blinking, you will be connected and your wireless connection will be encrypted with WPA2.

Connecting to a Wireless Network Windows[®] 10

To connect to a wireless network using Windows 10, you will need to know the wireless network name (SSID) and Wi-Fi password (security key) of the device you are connecting to.

To join an existing network, locate the wireless network icon in the taskbar, next to the time display and click on it.

Clicking on this icon will display a list of wireless networks which are within range of your computer. Select the desired network by clicking on its SSID.





Section 4 - Connecting a Wireless Client

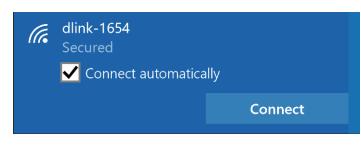
To connect to the network, click **Connect.**

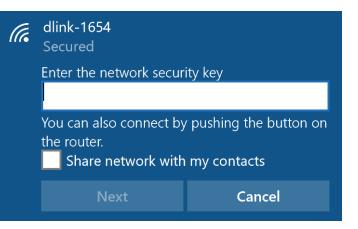
To automatically connect when your device is in range, click the **Connect Automatically** check box. Your computer will now automatically connect to this wireless network whenever it is detected.

You will then be prompted to enter the Wi-Fi password (network security key) for the wireless network. Enter the password into the box and click **Next** to connect to the network.

You can also use Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) to connect to the wireless network. Press the WPS button on your device and you will be automatically connected.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as the one on the wireless router.





Windows[®] 8 WPA/WPA2

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key (Wi-Fi password) being used.

To join an existing network, locate the wireless network icon in the taskbar next to the time display.

Clicking on this icon will display a list of wireless networks that are within connecting proximity of your computer. Select the desired network by clicking on the network name.



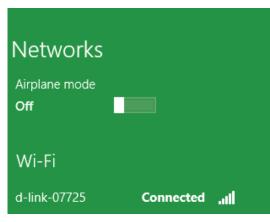


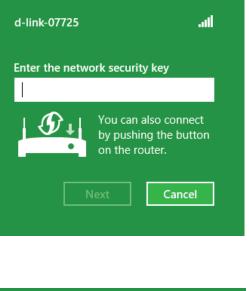
You will then be prompted to enter the network security key (Wi-Fi password) for the wireless network. Enter the password into the box and click **Next**.

If you wish to use Wi-Fi Protected Setup (WPS) to connect to the router, you can also press the WPS button on your router during this step to enable the WPS function.

When you have established a successful connection to a wireless network, the word **Connected** will appear next to the name of the network to which you are connected to.

r the network security key (Wi-Fi Enter the password into the box d-link-07725 cup (WPS) to connect to the router,





Windows[®] 7 WPA/WPA2

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Click on the wireless icon in your system tray (lower-right corner).



2. The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area.



Section 4 - Connecting to a Wireless Network

3. Highlight the wireless connection with Wi-Fi name (SSID) you would like to connect to and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check your TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to **Networking Basics** on page 78 for more information.



4. The following window appears while your computer tries to connect to the router.

Y Connect to a Network	×
Getting information from dlink	
	Cancel

Section 4 - Connecting to a Wireless Network

5. Enter the same security key or passphrase (Wi-Fi password) that is on your router and click **Connect**. You can also connect by pushing the WPS button on the router.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as the one on the wireless router.

Connect to a Network	×
Type the network security key	
Security key:	
Hide characters	
You can also connect by pushing the button on the router.	
ОК	Cancel

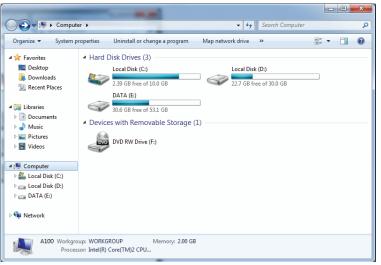
WPS

The WPS feature of the DWR-978 can be configured using Windows[®] 7. Carry out the following steps to use Windows[®] 7 to configure the WPS feature:

1. Click the **Start** button and select **Computer** from the Start menu.



2. Click **Network** on the left side.



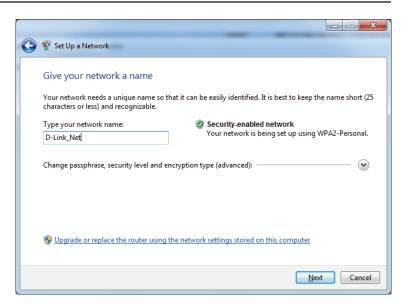
3. Double-click the DWR-978.



4. Input the WPS PIN number (on the router label) in the **Setup** > **Wireless Setup** menu in the Router's Web UI) and click **Next**.

Set Up a Network	x
To set up a network, type the 8-digit PIN from the router label You can find the numeric PIN on a label attached to the manufacturer. PIN:	
Next Cancel	

5. Type a name to identify the network.



6. To configure advanced settings, click the \bigotimes icon.

Click Next to continue.

\bigcirc	😰 Set Up a Network	
	Give your network a name	
	Your network needs a unique name so that it can be easily identified. It is best to keep the name short characters or less) and recognizable.	
	Type your network name:	Security-enabled network
	D-Link_Net	Your network is being set up using WPA2-Personal.
	Change passphrase, security level and encryptior Security key:	n type (advanced): 💽
	f6mm-gizb-9vmv	WPA2-Personal (Recommended)
	Connect automatically Encryption type: AES (Recommended) Upgrade or replace the router using the network settings stored on this computer	
		Next Cancel

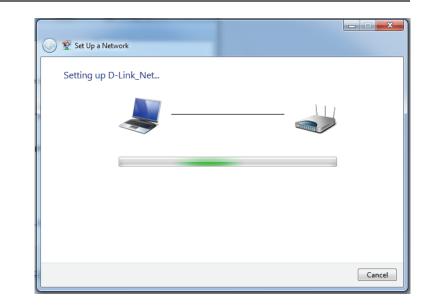
7. The following window appears while the router is being configured.

Wait for the configuration to complete.

8. The following window informs you that WPS on the router has been set up successfully.

Make a note of the security key as you may need to provide this security key if adding an older wireless device to the network in the future.

9. Click **Close** to complete WPS setup.



🌀 😰 Set	Up a Network
D-Lir	nk_Net has been successfully set up
To add	d an older wireless device to this network, you might need to provide this security key
	894g-eyd5-g5wb
For ga	nn <u>print these network settings</u> for future reference. ming consoles or computers running Windows XP, <u>copy the network profile to a USB drive</u> for set up.
	Close

Windows Vista®

Windows Vista[®] users may use the built-in wireless utility. If you are using another company's wireless utility, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help connecting to a wireless network. Most wireless utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows Vista[®] utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **Connect to a network**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.





WPA/WPA2

It is recommended that you enable wireless security (WPA/WPA2) on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the security key or passphrase being used.

1. Open the Windows Vista[®] Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower right corner of screen). Select **Connect to a network**.

2. Highlight the Wi-Fi name (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.





Section 4 - Connecting to a Wireless Network

3. Enter the same security key or passphrase (Wi-Fi password) that is on your router and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the security settings are correct. The key or passphrase must be exactly the same as the one on the wireless router.

Туре	the network security key or passphrase for Candy
The pe	erson who setup the network can give you the key or passphrase.
Securi	ty key or passphrase:
Dis Dis	play characters
	If you have a <u>USB flash drive</u> with network settings for Candy, insert it now.

Windows® XP

Windows[®] XP users may use the built-in wireless utility (Zero Configuration Utility). The following instructions are for Service Pack 2 users. If you are using another company's utility, please refer to the user manual of your wireless adapter for help with connecting to a wireless network. Most utilities will have a "site survey" option similar to the Windows[®] XP utility as seen below.

If you receive the **Wireless Networks Detected** bubble, click on the center of the bubble to access the utility.

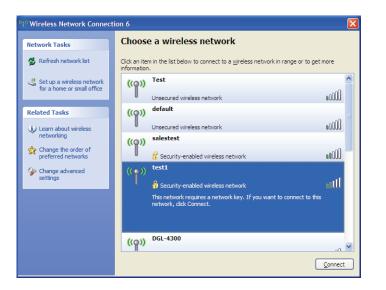
or

Right-click on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner next to the time). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

The utility will display any available wireless networks in your area. Click on a Wi-Fi network (displayed using the SSID) and click the **Connect** button.

If you get a good signal but cannot access the Internet, check you TCP/IP settings for your wireless adapter. Refer to the **Networking Basics** section in this manual for more information.





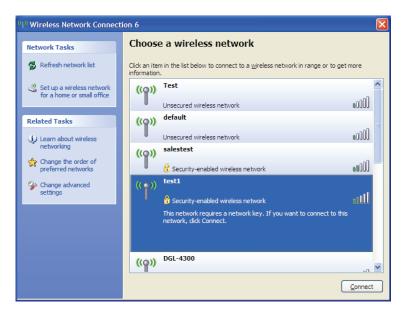
WPA/WPA2

It is recommended to enable WPA on your wireless router or access point before configuring your wireless adapter. If you are joining an existing network, you will need to know the WPA key being used.

1. Open the Windows[®] XP Wireless Utility by right-clicking on the wireless computer icon in your system tray (lower-right corner of screen). Select **View Available Wireless Networks**.

2. Highlight the Wi-Fi network (SSID) you would like to connect to and click **Connect**.





Section 4 - Connecting to a Wireless Network

3. The **Wireless Network Connection** box will appear. Enter the WPA-PSK Wi-Fi password and click **Connect**.

It may take 20-30 seconds to connect to the wireless network. If the connection fails, please verify that the WPA-PSK settings are correct. The Wi-Fi password must be exactly the same as on the wireless router.

Wireless Network Connection		
The network 'test1' requires a network key (also called a WEP key or WPA key). A network key helps prevent unknown intruders from connecting to this network.		
Type the key, and then click Connect.		
Network <u>k</u> ey:		
Confirm network key:		
	<u>C</u> onnect Cancel	

Troubleshooting

This chapter provides solutions to problems that can occur during the installation and operation of the DWR-978. Read the following descriptions if you are having problems. The examples below are illustrated in Windows[®] XP. If you have a different operating system, the screenshots on your computer will look similar to these examples.

1. Why can't I access the web-based configuration utility?

When entering the IP address of the D-Link router (**192.168.0.1** for example), you are not connecting to a website, nor do you have to be connected to the Internet. The device has the utility built-in to a ROM chip in the device itself. Your computer must be on the same IP subnet to connect to the web-based utility.

- Make sure you have an updated Java-enabled web browser. We recommend the following:
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer[®] 7 or higher
 - Mozilla Firefox 3.5 or higher
 - Google[™] Chrome 8 or higher
 - Apple Safari 4 or higher
- Verify physical connectivity by checking for solid link lights on the device. If you do not get a solid link light, try using a different cable, or connect to a different port on the device if possible. If the computer is turned off, the link light may not be on.
- Disable any Internet security software running on the computer. Software firewalls such as ZoneAlarm, BlackICE, Sygate, Norton Personal Firewall, and Windows[®] XP firewall may block access to the configuration pages. Check the help files included with your firewall software for more information on disabling or configuring it.

- Configure your Internet settings:
 - Go to Start > Settings > Control Panel. Double-click the Internet Options Icon. From the Security tab, click the button to restore the settings to their defaults.
 - Click the **Connection** tab and set the dial-up option to Never Dial a Connection. Click the LAN Settings button.
 Make sure nothing is checked. Click **OK**.
 - Go to the **Advanced** tab and click the button to restore these settings to their defaults. Click **OK** three times.
 - Close your web browser (if open) and open it.
- Access the web management. Open your web browser and enter the IP address of your D-Link router in the address bar. This should open the login page for your web management.
- If you still cannot access the configuration, unplug the power to the router for 10 seconds and plug back in. Wait about 30 seconds and try accessing the configuration. If you have multiple computers, try connecting using a different computer.

2. What can I do if I forgot my password?

If you forgot your password, you must reset your router. This process will change all your settings back to the factory defaults.

To reset the router, locate the reset button (hole) on the rear panel of the unit. With the router powered on, use a paperclip to hold the button down for 10 seconds. Release the button and the router will go through its reboot process. Wait about 30 seconds to access the router. The default IP address is **192.168.0.1**. When logging in, leave the password box empty.

3. Why can't I connect to certain sites or send and receive emails when connecting through my router?

If you are having a problem sending or receiving email, or connecting to secure sites such as eBay, banking sites, and Hotmail, we suggest lowering the MTU in increments of ten (Ex. 1492, 1482, 1472, etc).

To find the proper MTU Size, you'll have to do a special ping of the destination you're trying to go to. A destination could be another computer, or a URL.

- Click on **Start** and then click **Run**.
- Windows[®] 95, 98, and Me users type in **command** (Windows[®] NT, 2000, XP, Vista[®], and 7 users type in **cmd**) and press **Enter** (or click **OK**).
- Once the window opens, you'll need to do a special ping. Use the following syntax:

ping [ur	l] [-f] [·	-I] [MTU	value]
----------	------------	----------	--------

Example: ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472

```
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1482
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1482 bytes of data:
Packet needs to be fragmented but DF set.
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss)
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms
C:\>ping yahoo.com -f -l 1472
Pinging yahoo.com [66.94.234.13] with 1472 bytes of data:
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=93ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=109ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=125ms TTL=52
Reply from 66.94.234.13: bytes=1472 time=203ms TTL=52
Ping statistics for 66.94.234.13:
     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
                                                              132ms
     Minimum = 93ms, Maximum = 203ms, Average
C:∖>
```

You should start at 1472 and work your way down by 10 each time. Once you get a reply, go up by 2 until you get a fragmented packet. Take that value and add 28 to the value to account for the various TCP/IP headers. For example, lets say that 1452 was the proper value, the actual MTU size would be 1480, which is the optimum for the network we're working with (1452+28=1480).

Once you find your MTU, you can now configure your router with the proper MTU size.

To change the MTU rate on your router follow the steps below:

- Navigate to the configuration page.
- To change the MTU, enter the number in the MTU field and click **Apply** to save your settings.
- Test your email. If changing the MTU does not resolve the problem, continue changing the MTU in increments of ten.

Wireless Basics

D-Link wireless products are based on industry standards to provide easy-to-use and compatible high-speed wireless connectivity within your home, business, or public access wireless networks. Strictly adhering to the IEEE standard, the D-Link wireless family of products will allow you to access the data you want, when, and where you want it. You will be able to enjoy the freedom that wireless networking delivers.

A wireless local area network (WLAN) is a cellular computer network that transmits and receives data with radio signals instead of wires. Wireless LANs are used increasingly in both home and office environments, and public areas such as airports, coffee shops and universities. Innovative ways to utilize WLAN technology are helping people work, and communicate more efficiently. Increased mobility and the absence of cabling and other fixed infrastructure have proven to be beneficial for many users.

Wireless users can use the same applications they use on a wired network. Wireless adapter cards used on laptop and desktop systems support the same protocols as Ethernet adapter cards.

Under many circumstances, it may be desirable for mobile network devices to link to a conventional Ethernet LAN in order to use servers, printers or an Internet connection supplied through the wired LAN. A wireless router is a device used to provide this link.

What is Wireless?

Wireless or Wi-Fi technology is another way of connecting your computer to the network without using wires. Wi-Fi uses radio frequency to connect wirelessly so you have the freedom to connect computers anywhere in your home or office network.

Why D-Link Wireless?

D-Link is the worldwide leader and award winning designer, developer, and manufacturer of networking products. D-Link delivers the performance you need at a price you can afford. D-Link has all the products you need to build your network.

How does wireless work?

Wireless works similarly to how cordless phones work, through radio signals that transmit data from one point A to point B. But wireless technology has restrictions as to how you can access the network. You must be within the wireless network range area to be able to connect your computer. There are two different types of wireless networks: Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN), and Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN).

Wireless Local Area Network (WLAN)

In a wireless local area network, a device called an Access Point (AP) connects computers to the network. The access point has a small antenna attached to it, which allows it to transmit data back and forth over radio signals. With an indoor access point the signal can travel up to 300 feet. With an outdoor access point the signal can reach out up to 30 miles to serve places like manufacturing plants, industrial locations, university and high school campuses, airports, golf courses, and many other outdoor venues.

Wireless Personal Area Network (WPAN)

Bluetooth is the industry standard wireless technology used for WPAN. Bluetooth devices in WPAN operate in a range up to 30 feet away.

Compared to WLAN, the speed and wireless operation range are both less than WLAN, but in return it doesn't use nearly as much power. This makes it ideal for personal devices, such as mobile phones, PDAs, headphones, laptops, speakers, and other devices that operate on batteries.

Who uses wireless?

Wireless technology as become so popular in recent years that almost everyone is using it, whether it's for home, office, business, D-Link has a wireless solution for it.

Home Uses/Benefits

- Gives everyone at home broadband access
- Surf the web, check email, instant message, etc.
- Gets rid of the cables around the house
- Simple and easy to use

Small Office and Home Office Uses/Benefits

- Stay on top of everything at home as you would at office
- Remotely access your office network from home
- Share Internet connection and printer with multiple computers
- No need to dedicate office space

Where is wireless used?

Wireless technology is expanding everywhere, not just at home or office. People like the freedom of mobility and it's becoming so popular that more and more public facilities now provide wireless access to attract people. The wireless connection in public places is usually called "hotspots".

Using a D-Link CardBus Adapter with your laptop, you can access the hotspot to connect to the Internet from remote locations like: airports, hotels, coffee shops, libraries restaurants, and convention centers.

Wireless network is easy to setup, but if you're installing it for the first time it could be quite a task not knowing where to start. That's why we've put together a few setup steps and tips to help you through the process of setting up a wireless network.

Tips

Here are a few things to keep in mind, when you install a wireless network.

Centralize your router or access point

Make sure you place the router/access point in a centralized location within your network for the best performance. Try to place the router/access point as high as possible in the room, so the signal gets dispersed throughout your home. If you have a two-story home, you may need a repeater to boost the signal to extend the range.

Eliminate interference

Place home appliances such as cordless telephones, microwaves, and televisions as far away as possible from the router/access point. This would significantly reduce any interference that the appliances might cause since they operate on same frequency.

Security

Turn on WPA2 encryption on the router to help protect your wireless network from unwanted access by people close to your network, such as neighbors or intruders. Refer to the product manual for detailed information on how to set it up.

Wireless Modes

There are basically two modes of networking:

- Infrastructure All wireless clients will connect to an access point or wireless router.
- Ad hoc Directly connecting to another computer for peer-to-peer communication using wireless network adapters on each computer, such as two or more wireless network adapters.

An Infrastructure network contains an access point or wireless router. All the wireless devices, or clients, will connect to the wireless router or access point.

An ad hoc network contains only clients, such as laptops with wireless adapters. All the adapters must be in ad hoc mode to communicate.

Networking Basics

Check your IP address

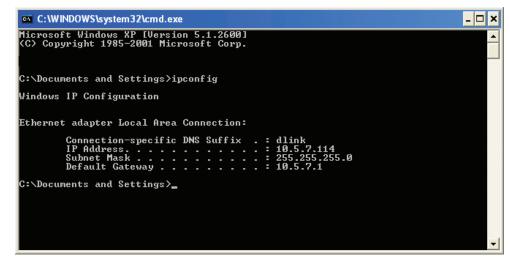
After you install your new D-Link adapter, by default, the TCP/IP settings should be set to obtain an IP address from a DHCP server (i.e. wireless router) automatically. To verify your IP address, please follow the steps below.

Click on Start > Run. In the run box type cmd and click OK. (Windows® 10/7/Vista® users type cmd in the Start Search box.)

At the prompt, type *ipconfig* and press Enter.

This will display the IP address, subnet mask, and the default gateway of your adapter.

If the address is 0.0.0.0, check your adapter installation, security settings, and the settings on your router. Some firewall software programs may block a DHCP request on newly installed adapters.



Statically Assign an IP address

If you are not using a DHCP capable gateway/router, or you need to assign a static IP address, please follow the steps below:

Step 1

Windows® 7 -Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center.Windows Vista® -Click on Start > Control Panel > Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Manage Network

Connections.

- Windows[®] XP Click on **Start** > **Control Panel** > **Network Connections**.
- Windows[®] 2000 From the desktop, right-click **My Network Places** > **Properties**.

Step 2

Right-click on the Local Area Connection which represents your network adapter and select Properties.

Step 3

Highlight Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) and click Properties.

Step 4

Click **Use the following IP address** and enter an IP address that is on the same subnet as your network or the LAN IP address on your router.

Example: If the router's LAN IP address is 192.168.0.1, make your IP address 192.168.1.X where X is a number between 2 and 99. Make sure that the number you choose is not in use on the network. Set the Default Gateway the same as the LAN IP address of your router (I.E. 192.168.0.1).

Set Primary DNS the same as the LAN IP address of your router (192.168.0.1). The Alternate DNS is not needed or you may enter a DNS server from your ISP.

Step 5

Click **OK** twice to save your settings.

General	
	utomatically if your network support ed to ask your network administrator
Obtain an IP address automa	itically
Output See the following IP address:	
IP address:	192 . 168 . 1 . 50
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Default gateway:	192.168.1.1
Obtain DNS server address a	utomatically
Ouse the following DNS server	addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	192.168.1.1
Alternate DNS server:	
🔲 Validate settings upon exit	Advanced

Wireless Security

This section will show you the different levels of security you can use to help protect your data from intruders. The DWR-978 offers the following types of security:

- WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access 2)
- WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access)

- WPA2-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)
- WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key)

What is WPA?

WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access), is a Wi-Fi standard that was designed to improve the security features of WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy).

The 2 major improvements over WEP:

- Improved data encryption through the Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP). TKIP scrambles the keys using a hashing algorithm and by adding an integrity-checking feature. WPA2 is based on 802.11i and uses Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) instead of TKIP.
- User authentication, which is generally missing in WEP, which is encorporated through the extensible authentication protocol (EAP). WEP regulates access to a wireless network based on a computer's hardware-specific MAC address, which is relatively simple to be sniffed out and stolen. EAP is built on a stronger public-key encryption system so that only authorized network users should be able to access the network.

WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK uses a passphrase or key to authenticate your wireless connection. The key is an alpha-numeric password between 8 and 63 characters long. The password can include symbols (!?*&_) and spaces. This key must be the exact same key entered on your wireless router or access point. This is the technique typically used on home networks.

WPA/WPA2 incorporates user authentication through the Extensible Authentication Protocol (EAP). EAP is built on an even stronger key encryption system to make it much more difficult for unauthorized network users to access the network. EAP is often used in corporate or university environments.

Technical Specifications

General		
Device Interfaces	4 x 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet LAN Ports, 1 x 10/100/1000 Mbps Gigabit Ethernet WAN port, 1 x USB 2.0 Port, 1 x LTE SIM/USIM Slot, 1 x Reset Button, 1 x WPS Button, 1 x Power Port	
LED	Power, WAN, WLAN, Phone, LAN, 3G, 4G, LTE 5GNR	
Antenna Type	2 x 2.4G WLAN Internal Antenna, 2 x 5G WLAN Internal Antenna, 2 x 2 LTE External Antenna, 2 x 2 LTE Internal Antenna	
Wi-Fi Data Rate	2.4 GHz Up to 1732Mbps, 5 GHz Up to 800Mbps	
Wireless IEEE Standard	IEEE 802.11 ac/n/g/b/k/v/r	
Data Signal Rate	5G NR/LTE to GE LAN max data rate up to 900Mbps, 5G NR/LTE to 2.4G WLAN max data	
	rate up to 500Mbps, 5G NR/LTE to 5Ghz WLAN max data rate up to 600Mbps, 2.4Ghz WLAN	
	to GE LAN max up to 600Mbps, 5Ghz WLAN to GE LAN max up to 1Gbps	
WAN Interface	DHCP, Static IP, PPPoE (PPPoE Pass-through), PPTP, L2TP, IPsec (VPN Pass-through), DS-Lite, Support Dual Access PPPoE, L2TP, PPTP for Russia, Support 802.1p & 802.1p VLAN tagging and Priority bit, Concurrent session: 32000	
Functionality		
Security Protocol	WEP (128bits), 802.11i 128-bit TKIP/AES	
Firewall	DoS , Stateful Packet Inspection , Anti-spoofing Checking, IP/MAC Address Filtering , DMZ	
Mesh	D-Link EasyMesh	
QoS	D-Link Intelligent QoS Technology	
SpeedTest	Ookla SpeedTest	
Software		
Device Management	Mobile app (iOS and Android), Web UI	
Physical		
Hardware version	Α1	
Size	234.5 x 245 x 55.25 mm (9.23 x 9.64 x 2.18 in)	
Weight	920 g (2.03 lbs)	
Power Input	12 V 4 A	
Operating Temperature	0 to 40 °C (32 to 104 °F)	
Storage Temperature	-10 to 70 °C (14 to 158 °F)	
Operating Humidity	10% to 90% non-condensing	
Storage Humidity	5% to 95% non-condensing	
Certifications	CE , FCC , PTCRB, EMC, Safety , RoHS	

Bandwidth	
5GNR Sub6Ghz	n1, n2, n3, n5, n7, n8, n12, n20, n28, n41, n66, n71,n77,n78, n79
LTE Cat20 FDD	B1, B2, B3, B4, B5, B7, B8, B12, B13, B14, B17, B18, B19, B20, B25, B26, B28, B29, B30, B32, B66, B71
LTE Cat20 TDD	B34, B38, B39, B40, B41, B42, B43, B46, B48
WCDMA	B1, B2, B3/9, B4, B5/6/19, B8

¹Mobile broadband speeds will vary and are dependent on a range of factors including network configuration, network capacity, signal strength, and the conditions of your mobile broadband subscription. ²Maximum wireless signal rate derived from IEEE Standard 802.11 specifications. Actual data throughput will vary. Network conditions and environmental factors, including volume of network traffic, building materials and construction, as well as network overhead, can lower actual data throughput rate. Environmental factors will adversely affect wireless signal range. ³Requires subscription with a mobile Internet service provider (not included).

Regulatory Information

Federal Communication Commission Interference Statement

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one of the following measures:

- -Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Non-modification Statement:

Any changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

Caution:

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For product available in the USA/Canada market, only channel 1~11 can be operated. Selection of other channels is not possible.

Note:

The country code selection is for non-USA models only and is not available to all USA models. Per FCC regulations, all WiFi product marketed in the USA must be fixed to USA operational channels only.

Important Notice:

FCC Radiation Exposure Statement

This equipment complies with FCC radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with minimum distance 20 cm between the radiator and your body.